



DART

Declining Ageing and Regional Transformation









Lessons learned – Political recommendations from The DART project partners

Final Conference Potsdam, 03 Sep 2012 Risto Poutiainen Regional Council of North Karelia, Finland





-d s little 13 regions from 11 countries Kainuu Region, Fl - Lead Partner: Investitionsbank des Landes Brandenburg (ILB) · Potsdam - Germany North Karelia, FI www.dart-project.eu · info@dart-project.eu Duration: 01/2010 - 12/2012 Budget: 2.050.098.00 Euro ERDF contribution: 1.579.941,50 Euro Wet West Regional Authority, IE State of Brandenburg, DE Province of Lower Silesian Centre for Social Policy, PL Limburg, NL State of Saxony, DE Bohemia Region, CZ Xunt Xunta de Galicia, ES **CENTRU** Regional Development Agency, RO Veneto Region, IT **Business Support** The state Centre Ltd., SI Lower Austria Health and Social Fund, AT

CONTENT

- PROJECT
- PARTNERSHIP
- RECOMMENDATIONS





About the DART partner regions

Forerunners in Europe, leading the way in the challenges of demographic change

Joint understanding and concern related to the challenges faced in declining or ageing regions

>Need to find and share qualitative solutions, innovative answers and new ways to boost multisectoral approach as well as involve regional stakeholders

Strong commitment to European interregional cooperation and development work







Main Objectives

Development of integrated approach and long-term strategy

Exchange of experiences, including identification, description, evaluation and transfer of good practices

•target 26 good practices

•component leader: Regional Council of North Karelia, Finland

Political recommendations and development of indicators

Impact to development and funding programmes on regional, national and European level

> Three thematic fields:

- 1) traditional and innovative economy;
- 2) education, life-long learning and job market;
- 3) health and social services







Partners and partnership

Motivated network, well-planned process, active project partners

- ➤Main focus varies region by region declining •ageing
 - declining and ageing
- ► Database of 89 good practices

➢ More detailed information available on the DART website (collection of posters)



Kick-off, Maastricht, May 2010







Political recommendations - structure and content

- Process from Maastricht to Potsdam (All partners involved actively)
- Connection to thematic fields via workshops
- Focus on ageing/declining regions
- Recommendations at
- EU level
- Member State level (Central, Regional or Local)

➤Toolbox for Regions



Midterm conference, Brussels ,Nov 2011







Recommendations – Traditional and Innovative Economy

- Awareness of the demographic change in all EU policies and actions
- Valid indicators to measure economic development
- The future EU cohesion policy should pay more attention to demographic change
- Rural development measures should be integrated into the Common Agricultural Policy
- More efforts and resources should be allocated to the potential of silver economy
- Networking between regions should be encouraged (experiences, good practises)



Economy, Conference, Dresden, April 2011







Recommendations – Traditional and Innovative Economy

- Lack of skilled labour force
 - Conditions for job learning /training on th
 - The provision of a high quality infrastruct (for young people to stay in a region)



- ► Ageing staff and life cycle proof management
 - Active age and health management in enterprises
 - Legislation should make flexible working easier (work and family)
- Different kind of entrepreneurship and and business opportunities
 - Special measures to ownership succession and trasfer of

knowledge

- Entrepreneurship should be encouraged (young, senior, starting...)
 - Targeted tax breaks could support employment generating
- enterprises
- opportunities
- Landscape, natural attractiveness should be viewed as







Recommendations – Education, life-long learning and job market

- Initiating new structures, processes and models to bridge the European market with education
- Increasing the effectiviness of post-graduate, Continuing education and adult education
- Harmonising educational systems
- Facilitating and supporting internationalisation and mobility of students and labour force
- Implementing realistic, flexible and efficient life-long learning schemes
- Ensuring good quality of education
- Better linkage of education with training and in turn the labour market
- Developing regional early-warning and forecasting systems to improve matching of skills and supply



Education, Conference Prague ,June 2011







ΔRT

Recommendations - Health

- Promotion of integrated health planning
- Support of cost efficient models in health care
- Harmonisation of information systems
- Investment in primary care and preventative health care
- Supporting dynamic health systems and new technologies
- ➢Fostering good health in an ageing Europe
- Promoting a healthy lifestyle from the youngest living years
- Developing new housing solutions for elderly



Health, Conference, Kainuu, May 2011







Recommendations – Social Services

- Supporting new ICT and technology research within social care sector
- Financing mutual learning and new approaches for service delivery
- Strengthening the participation opportunities for young people - new approaches
- Providing customer-oriented, flexibly responsive and economically sustainable social services
- Planning facilities and services … to peoples needs and choices
- Fighting against negative stereotypes
- Building up partnership and networking schemes – fostering the self-supporting capacity, citizens participation



WS Social Services, Santiago de Compostela, Spain, Sept 2011







Recommendations – Spatial and cross sectoral planning

- Setting a focus point on demographic change
- Defining demographic change as a cross sectoral topic
- Standardised demographic indicators (also to counties, local units)
- A permanent exchange of experience regions
- Setting a focus point on demographic change
- > Adapting national / regional spatial planning
- Defining demographic change as a cross sectoral topic
- > A permanent exchange of experience



WS, Centru, June 2010





Recommendations - strategies

- > Every region must take action to prevent the negative impact of demographic change
- > All sector strategies and notably the regional development strategy should include the future demographic developments
- > Overall objective: to prevent and mitigate the negative effects of the ageing process and maintain high standards of living
- > The regional strategy should cover
 - Health care
 - 2 Social services
 - 3 Education, labour market
 - 4 Economy



Kranj, April 2010



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DART Declining Ageing and Regional Transformation

We are at the Forefront in ...

- facing the future challenges of European regions years ahead
- introducing the transferable solutions as the pilot regions
- setting strategic visions connection to demographics
- Working actively and making initiatives in European networks
- and putting all we have learned into practise



Maastricht May 2010









Thank you for your attention and cooperation on behalf of the Regional Council of North Karelia!